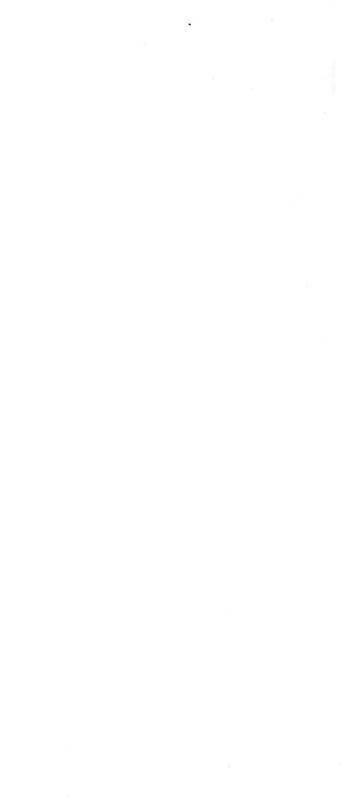
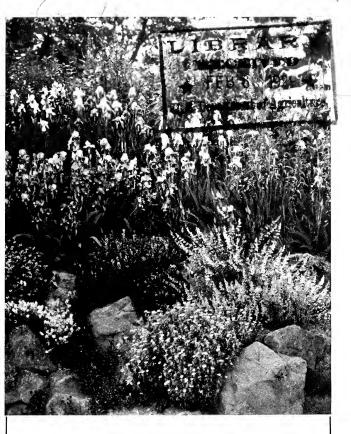
## **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





Mail Address, R. F. D. 2, Gresham, Oregon Phone: Gresham

GARDENS ON BASE LINE ROAD (Near Portland)

Nurseryman's License No. 75 Oregon State Board of Horticulture

Perennials - - - Irises Gladioli Specializing in Choice Alpines

> Sixteenth Annual Catalog 1929



Peonies

#### Plan Your Garden

Garden plans aren't quite so necessary as house plans, but they do mean added interest and attractiveness, and it's a fascinating occupation to sit down with pencil and paper in advance of the season for outdoor work, figuring where this and that choice plant are to be placed. And rather good sense to get your order in early, too, if you don't want to be disappointed.

#### If You Are in Doubt

and willing to accept suggestions as to suitable plants, either in the perennial border or rock garden, I shall consider it a privilege to make them. But be sure to tell me whether the location is a sunny one, lightly shaded or considerably so. It is difficult to plant, with any degree of success, where trees are so near that their roots sap the ground of its moisture and fertility.

#### Annuals

Many of us know these best as "Bedding Plants." They are very desirable to supplement our perennial plants, giving quantities of flowers in mid-summer and early fall. No attempt is made to catalog these offerings for distant trade, but visitors from Portland will find zinnias, asters, marigolds and other popular plants available at my gardens in the spring. Planting is rarely desirable before May, unless the season should be especially forward.

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Gladioli	Page
Gladioli	37 to 39
Irises	17 to 23
Peonies	25 to 26
Perennials and Rock Plants	3 to 35
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Roses	36 to 37
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In looking for any particular plant, bear in mind that the arrangement of items is according to the alphabet.

# Sixteenth Annual Catalog THE W. L. CRISSEY ALPINE GARDENS

## 1929

I HE past year has been a very eventful one for me, and I must begin with a caution to old friends not to try to visit my gardens at their former location near Dodge Park, for all the plants have been moved to a new location on the Base Line Road, mid-way between the Ruby Golf Links and the well-known "Twelve Mile Corner"—a leisurely half hour's drive from Portland. And my mail address is now Route 2, Gresham, Oregon. Both the plants and I have accepted the move gracefully and are very much at home and at your service in the new gardens.

#### The New Place

has remarkably fine soil, there is unlimited water, and every condition is favorable to the production of the same vigorous plants which have so pleased my customers in the past.

#### Like an Old-fashioned Quilt

the rock plants are laid out in prim little beds, each adding its bit of attractive foliage or brilliant flower to the general pattern. In the background are the tall perennials, the irises and peonies. Yes, it's quite worth coming to see.

#### But If You Don't Live Near Portland

Distance is no barrier to obtaining my plants, for they will be packed with special care to reach any part of the United States in excellent condition. Exhibition plants in full bloom have gone to both the Chicago and New York flower shows the past two years, arriving with their attractiveness unimpaired. We are equipped to give prompt attention to mail orders, and many of my most valued customers are distant ones.

#### Two Reasons for Early Ordering

All plants give best results if planted just as early as your weather and ground will permit. Besides, there may be a shortage of some stocks, and consequent disappointment. February is none too soon to plant on the Pacific Slope.

#### A Suggestion to Gardeners in the East and North

It's very tempting to delay your order until settled weather, which often means May, but by that time my plants are rather advanced in growth to transplant to greatest advantage. Why not have the shipment made in March or early April, and construct a cold frame to receive the plants until outside conditions make permanent planting in the garden advisable? A cold frame is nothing but a frame of rough boards covered with a sash or two of glass, easily obtained through any dealer.

#### And When You Make Up Your Order

Don't get just one plant of a sort unless your space is very limited. Plants are sociable, just like folks, and they enjoy company. Have at least a few modest masses of one sort and color, then the single specimens if you wish.

#### Consult Your Own Preferences

Half the fun of gardening comes from experimenting for yourself, perhaps an occasional indulgence in friendly rivalry with a gardening neighbor to see which can get something different and unique. The effect you get may not be perfect the first year, but in the fall you can do a little juggling. Again, you may achieve an arrangement so beautiful as to surprise yourself and your friends.

#### Cut Flowers for Home or Party

Bulbous irises, peonies, gladioli and numerous perennials afford quantities of flowers from spring until autumn, and these may be had at most reasonable prices at the gardens. The drive over the Base Line Road is a pleasure rather than a task.

#### Few Fastidious Plants Are Offered

Realizing that the average gardener is most interested in plants which do not require pampering, my lists include a sparse half-dozen subjects even approaching the difficult. It is my ambition to add a limited number of the capricious ones a little later, for enthusiastic rock-gardeners are always anxious to obtain something out-of-the-ordinary, and to try their skill in growing it to perfection.

#### Perfect Drainage a Necessity

If your soil is very heavy, add sand and finely crushed stone liberally, and if possible some leaf mould from the woods. A mixture of one part of each of these with one part of soil would be quite ideal, though not at all required for success with the more ordinary plants. In spring many rock gardeners take a basket of leaf mould and sand, and with a trowel work in a generous application of this around such plants as seem to need it, either because of straggly growth or because their roots have become bare through watering or rain. A sharp cutting back of straggly plants in very early spring is highly beneficial.

#### Why I Specialize on Alpines

Rock gardening has gained such tremendous popularity that I might almost say I am specializing in Alpines in self-defense, so insistent has been the call for them. I find them by far the most interesting things that I have ever grown. Their infinite variety; their prodigal display of soft or brilliant color when in flower; the beauty and diversity of their foliage, which ranges through many gradations of green and gray and bronze, and is often of evergreen character; the graceful manner in which they mask the surface of a wall or tumble in abandon about the miniature valleys and cliffs of the rock garden—all these pleasing qualities give rock plants a fascination all their own.

#### Building the Rock Garden

Authorities are one in saying that the man-made rock garden should duplicate, as nearly as possible, the natural out-cropping of rock as found on hill or mountain side. In many locations a comparatively few rocks, well placed, will give an excellent effect. Liberal pockets of earth and generous planting spaces are just as necessary as rocks, for after all it is the plants which are of paramount importance.

#### Rock Walls

The prevailing impression is that the solid cement wall has greater strength, but the fact is that the properly constructed rock wall, laid without mortar and thus affording perfect drainage, will have equal or greater strength and be more satisfactory in every way, to say nothing of its picturesque possibilities when suitable plants are introduced These are properly planted when the wall is being built, as then the roots can more easily be brought in contact with the earth back of the wall.

#### Rock Plants Without Rocks

If you want to find out for yourself just how charming Alpines are, but have no rockery, I must tell you confidentially that most of my own are grown without a rock in sight, and there is no reason why you can't do the same thing, provided soil and exposure are suitable. Many varieties of Dianthus, Veronicas, dwarf Irises, etc., are admirably adapted to border the taller perennials.

#### FOR CONVENIENCE

And because it is hard to arbitrarily divide rock plants and general garden perennials, all are included under the listing of perennials.

An (R) will designate those especially suited to the rock Special lists will be found on pages 40 and inside garden.

back cover.

#### IMPORTANT

Unless the description specifies that a plant thrives best in shade or semi-shade, please understand that the preference is for a sunny location. The majority do need sun for best development.

#### **PERENNIALS**

A garden of perennials grows more beautiful year by year, and they present such an infinite variety in flower and plant that every taste can be suited. I'm going to urge, if your space permits, that several plants of a sort be used in your garden (except the larger plants, where perhaps a single one may be very effective) rather than just one plant each of many kinds. I think you'll be better pleased with the result.

And please order and plant early if possible—early planting is one of the greatest factors of success. Besides, in some of the rarer things, stock is limited.

ACAENA GLABRA: (R) A pretty little plant resembling a tiny rose-bush. More remarkable for foliage than flowers. 5 inches..... .30 3.00 ACHILLEA AGERATIFOLIA: (R) Rosettes of silver gray foliage, hugging the ground. Flowers white, 9 inches..... .35 3.00

ACHILLEA MILLEFOLIUM ROSEUM: (R) The heads of rosy pink flowers are borne from mid-summer until late fall, 18 inches.... .25 2.50

	***************************************	CERCULARIA STEEL
ACHILLEA SERICEA: (R) Arching fronds of gray-green, heads of brilliant yellow flow-	ach D	ozen
ers. 8 inches	.25	2.50
ACHILLEA SETACEA: (R) Fern-shaped, aromatic foliage, large heads of deep yellow flowers. Give it plenty of room. 1 foot	.25	2.50
ACHILLEA TOMENTOSA: (R) Wooly green leaves and golden yellow flowers. Excellent for carpeting effect. 9 inches	.25	2.50
ACONITUM WILSONI: A soft blue "Monkshood" that is as handsome as delphiniums in the garden. Fall blooming. 5 feet	.40	4.00
AJUGA GENEVENSIS: (R) Bronze foliage, spikes of clear blue flowers. Excellent for shade. Handsome, but a spreader	.25	2.50
ALLIUM CYANIUM: (R) A dwarf form with		
pendant heads of light blue in May and June ALLIUM STELLATUM: (R) Rose-pink flow-	.30	3.00
ers on 18 inch stems	.30	3.00
Lily." Large lily-like flowers of orange, streaked with red, and borne in umbels. Requires slight protection in cold climates. A		
fine cut flower. 3 feet	.35	3.50
lemon color to the above, but	.35	3.50
ALYSSUM ROSTRATUM: (R) A very robust sort with masses of golden bloom for weeks.		
15 inches	.25	2.50
ALYSSUM SAXATILE CITRINUM: (R) Masses of pale yellow flowers give this variety an individual charm	.25	2.50
ALYSSUM SAXATILE COMPACTUM: (R) Deep yellow flowers. A favorite in all rock		
gardens. 1 foot	.25	2.50
shade of brilliant blue. 15 inches	.25	2.50
ANCHUSA ITALICA-DROPMORE: Déep blue flowers like a giant forget-me-not, borne abundantly in late spring. A mass of this is		
especially fine in the garden. 4 feet	.35	3.50
ANCHUSA ITALICA "OPAL": Beautiful light blue—a most effective companion for the		
Dropmore variety. NEW	.40	4.00
of silky foliage and rosy lilac flowers combine to make this an unusually attractive subject for the rock garden. A top dressing of gravel or stone chips to keep the foliage off the moist		
winter earth is almost essential	.75	7.50

## Why Not Have Two Gardens

Plant rows of flowers in the back yard or vegetable garden, to be used exclusively for cutting. The more ornamental planting about the house may then be left undisturbed to beautify the grounds.

## **ANEMONE**

ANEWONE		
	ach D	ozen
Anemone Huphensis: (R) NEW. Plants only 15 inches high, the flowers of delicate pink but half the size of the well-known Japanese		
anemones. An introduction from China	.35	3.50
Anemone Japonica "Louise Uhink": Very large semi-double pure white flowers. Handsomest	40	4.00
anemone in my gardens. 3 feet	.40	4.00
Anemone Japonica "Max Vogel": Huge flowers of lavender-pink. Semi-double. These are		
twice the size of the ordinary type. 3 feet	.40	4.00
Anemone Japonica: "Queen Charlotte." Well named, as this plant is really a queen among fall perennials, and magnificent en masse.		
Lavender-pink, semi-double flowers from Au-		
gust until frost. Half shade is a requirement		
	.35	3.50
Much larger plants	.50	5.00
Anemone Japonica Rubra: Rose red. 2 feet	.35	3.50
Anemone Japonica "Whirlwind": Pure white flowers, at same prices as Queen Charlotte.		
Anemone Pulsatilla: (R) Big, fragile looking anemones of lavender spring from the crown of attractively cut leaves. Neither plant nor		
flower are at all fragile in reality, but unusual-		
ly hardy. 6 inches	.35	3.50
Anemone Rivularis: (R) White flowers, the outside violet. A very distinct form. 1 foot	.40	4.00
Anemone St. Brigid's: (R) Some single, some double, the colors embracing white and many shades of blue, pink and red. Fine for cutting.		
They bloom for many weeks	.25	2.50

#### THOSE GIANT JAPANESE ANEMONES

Don't overlook these remarkable novelties. They come in both pink and white, and are among the very few plants which succeed best in rather a shaded position. True perennials, of course.

.35	3.50
.30	3.00
.35	3.50
.50	5.00
.50	5.00
.50	5.00
	.30 .35 .50

#### PLANTS ARE CAREFULLY LABELED

Of course you will want to familiarize yourself with the names, both for your own satisfaction and the added interest in showing your garden to friends.

Ea	ch D	ozen
ARABIS ALBIDA ROSEA: (R) These come in varying shades of pink. 1 foot		
in varying shades of pink. 1 toot	.30	3.00
ARABIS ALBIDA VARIEGATA: (R) Leaves		
of clear cut green and white. Very striking.		
6 inches	.50	5.00
ARABIS ALPINA: (R) Forms a complete car-		
pet of pleasing dull green foliage, covered in		
early spring with snow-white flowers	.25	2.50
ARABIS ALPINA FLORA PLENA: (R) The		
double form. Just as free flowering as the		
single, but more desirable in many locations,		
as it does not increase so fast	:30	3.00
ARABIS AUBRIETIOIDES: (R) A charming		
pink form. 6 inches	.35	3.50
ARENARIA CAESPITOSA: (R) Might be		
called an emerald green moss. Likes a sunny		
site. Small white flowers	.25	2.50
ARENARIA GRANDIFLORA: (R) Small		
tufted Alpine with white flowers. Very much		
smaller than Arenaria Montana	.25	2.50
ARENARIA MONTANA: (R) A plant of	.20	2.00
slender, graceful growth, its dark green stems		
smothered in white flowers in late spring.		
Most desirable in every way	.35	3.50
ARMERIA VULGARIS: (R) Grasslike foliage	.33	3.30
with pretty rose flowers on 9 inch stems. Fine for edging or rockery	.25	2.50
for edging of fockery	.23	2.50
ARTEMISIA		
E	ich L	ozen
Artemisia Frigida: (R) Another silver-foliaged		
plant that is extra fine	.30	3.00
Artemisia Lactiflora: In late August and Sep-		
tember its fleecy white plumes are most dec-		
orative in the garden. The hawthorne fra-		
orative in the garden. The hawthorne fra- grance is very marked. Fine informal hedge		
or screen. 6 feet	.35	3.50
Artemisia Pedemontana: Conspicuous and ef-		
fective as a silvery foil for other plants.		
Combine with pink or red flowers. 2 feet	.35	3.50
*		
ASPERULA ODORATA: (R) For a half shady		
place, this fragrant plant with its sprinkling		
of white starry bloom is very welcome	.30	2.50
ASPERULA CYNANCHICA: (R) Makes a		
perfect network of feathery, angular branches,		
tipped with small rose flowers. 15 inches	.30	3.00

#### PACKING PLANTS FOR SHIPMENT

Packed with care in damp moss, plants usually reach their destination as fresh as when dug. They are sent with equal success to customers on the Pacific and the Atlantic Coast. Parcel post for small packages, express for the larger ones.



A Background Enhances the Garden

## ASTERS—Perennial

("Michaelmas Daisies")

Do not confuse these with the annual bedding asters. The perennials are robust growers, the taller sorts especially good for planting at the back of borders or at the edge of a bit of woodland. Their masses of flowers in the autumn give one of the finest effects imaginable.

Each Dozen

1	.50	5.00
Beauty of Ronsdorf: (R) Imagine graceful 15 inch stems bearing quantities of light purple flowers with golden centers (each flower as large as a silver dollar), each stem a bouquet in itself, and you will realize that this is very		
much out of the ordinary	.40	4.00
Brightest and Best: Bright rose-extra. 4 feet	.40	4.00
Climax: Large light blue flowers with orange centers. One of the very best. 4 feet	.25	2.50
Cordifolia: Tiny lavender flowers in graceful		
sprays, especially suited to baskets or bouquets. Late blooming. 5 feet	.35	3.50
Elta: NEW. Double flowers of pale lilac, a very	0.5	
	-35	3.50
Erica: Tall mauve. Extra good for cutting	.35	3.50
Feltham Blue: Rich blue. very free flowering		
and early. 4 feet	.25	2.50
Gracillimas: Latest of all. Tiny white flowers, changing to blue. Fine for cutting. Seldom		
seen. 2 feet	:35	3.50
Japanese Aster "Mauve Cushion": (R) The plant does not exceed nine inches in height and is covered in late fall with rosy lavender flowers. Do not expect this fine variety to be		
thoroughly effective until established a year	.25	2.50

F	ah D	0200
Maggie Perry: Lavender flowers, large and of unique form, hard to describe but making it one of the handsomest sorts yet introduced.	ich D	ozen
3 feet	.35	3.50
Mrs. D. Mitchell: Pink. Not large flowered but extra good just the same	.35	3.50
Mrs. Raynor: Deep rose. Always attracts attention in the garden. 4 feet	.35	3.50
Old English Aster: A most unusual and dainty sort from an old English garden. The very double white flowers resemble the pyrethrum		0.00
and are exceedingly attractive. 2½ feet  Praecox: Heliotrope purple, glowing orange	.30	3.00
center. 4 feet	.25	2.50
tall	.25	2.50
sprays. Double. 4 feet	.30	3.00
Roseum Superbum: Almost a red. Very free flowering and handsome. 5 feet	.35	3.50
Roycroft Purple: Rich purple. 4 feet  St. Edgwin: Beautiful soft pink flowers, borne	.25	2.50
in graceful sprays. 3 feet	.30	3.00
June and July, 12-inch stems. Choice cutting	.25	2.50
material		
regularly to \$6.75 for \$5.50		
ASTILBES (Spireas)	-1. D	
These charming plants prefer light shade and	ich D	ozen
These charming plants prefer light shade and must have ample water and fertility. Then		
These charming plants prefer light shade and must have ample water and fertility. Then they reward with fleecy plumes of various fetching pink shades. 2 feet		
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How much more charming than plain utilitarian steps

	Each D	)ozen
AURICULA: (See Primulas).		
BELLIS PERENNIS MONSTROSA: (R) A giant type of the early flowering English daisy in cheerful mixture of white and pink, the lat ter predominating. Six inches. Often bloom in February	7, t- s	2.50
BELLIUM MINUTUM: (R) A tiny daisy from Greece. It blooms for weeks at a time. inches	3	3.00
BETONICA GRANDIFLORA: (R) Rathe coarse but effective. Light magenta flowers 15 inches	3.	2.50
BLEEDING HEART: (See Dicentra Spectable	lis).	
CALAMINTHA ALPINA: (R) All summe long the small violet flowers adorn the slende	r	2.50

## CAMPANULAS (Bell Flowers)

Ea	ach D	ozen
Campanula Bellandi Mirandi: (R) A novelty,		
with bells of silvery blue. Very profuse flowering. 3 inches	.75	7.50
Campanula Carpatica Grandiflora: (R) Free- flowering, robust and good looking. The vari- ety offered is a soft blue. Deserves generous		
planting	.25	2.50
Campanula Carpatica "Isabel": (R) Extremely large and wide-open flowers of light blue	.40	4.00
Campanula Carpatica "Riverslea Beauty": (R) Much larger than the type, and of slightly dif- ferent form. Please specify whether you want blue or white—you should have BOTH	.35	3.50
Campanula Glomerata: (R) Shakes its deep purple bells from stems a foot tall. Blooms in		
June	.25	2.50
Campanula Latifolia: The flowers vary from pale lavender to violet, and hang like bells from a central stalk 18 inches or more in height. Long blooming period. Increases fast	.30	3.00
Campanula Laurii: (R) Exquisite new introduction, extremely free flowering. The bells of rosy lavender are borne upright instead of	.50	3.00
drooping. Cannot stand poor drainage	.35	3.50
Campanula Persicifolia "White Peach Bells": In even a modest mass, the purity and grace of these flowers are irresistible. 2 feet	٥.	
these flowers are irresistible. Z feet	.25	2.50
fitting companion to the white variety	.25	2.50
Campanula Pyramidalis "Blue Chimney Bell Flower": An impressive flower stalk 4 to 6 feet tall, carries great numbers of the hand-		
some blue blossoms. Small plants Very large	.25 .50	2.50 5.00
Campanula Pulsatilla: (R) "Fairy bells" might well be the description of this charming sub-		
ject. The flowers are blue, the whole plant a miniature gem. Light shade. When pleased, it spreads rapidly. 4 inches	.40	4.00
Campanula Pulsatilla Alba: (R) This is a white form of the above and if possible, even more	.70	4.00
chaste and charming than the blue	.40	4.00
Campanula Rotundifolia "Scotch Hare Bells"; (R) Small blue bells on slender stems have		
long made this plant a favorite. Blooms early and late	.30	3.00
Campanula Sarmatica: (R) A rare form. It is a vigorous grower. 1 foot. Blue	.50	5.00
Campanula Turbinata: (R) Close mats of foliage, with close-set blue saucers of flowers	.35	3.50
CENTAUREA DEALBATA: Beautiful long-		
stemmed flowers of lavender rose, very lasting		
cut. Little known but attractive in foliage and flower. 4 feet	.40	4.00
CENTAUREA MACROCEPHALA: A very striking plant with bloom like a huge yellow		
thistle. The brown buds are very ornamental.	25	2 50

<b>CERASTIUM BIEBERSTEINI:</b> (R) Pure white flowers, wooly white foliage. A refined "Snow in Summer," and said not to spread. 9		3.00
(See Plumbago Larpentae).  CHEIRANTHUS ALLIONII "The Fairy Wall Flower": (R) The flowers of brilliant orange are delightfully fragrant, and best of all, they are borne in profusion all summer. Equally indispensable in the perennial garden and		
rockery. 1 foot	.25	2.00
species with lilac-mauve flowers	.25	
feet	.25	2.50
CHRYSANTHEMUMS		
These are the last flowers to give a real displayed and are doubly acceptable on that account, know their possibilities in bowl or basket, for the Many of these will be furnished about May 1 aplants, a highly satisfactory method of planting, these are of tall—straggly habit.	ne h	e all ouse. otted
All sorts listed below are 25 cents each; a dozen of sort \$2.50—except where specially noted.		
Amelia: Absolutely distinct and new, this variety begins to produce its lively pink double flowers of medium size in very early summer. These should be removed as they fade, and by early fall the plant will be a perfect mound of pink perhaps 18 inches in height and 2 feet across, as symetrical as though pruned to shape. No plant attracted so much attention in my gardens	.60	ozen 6.00
Amelia: Absolutely distinct and new, this variety begins to produce its lively pink double flowers of medium size in very early summer. These should be removed as they fade, and by early fall the plant will be a perfect mound of pink perhaps 18 inches in height and 2 feet across, as symetrical as though pruned to shape. No plant attracted so much attention in my gardens	.60 .35 circled ced cey in	6.00 3.50 le of enter cold ason.
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#### SPECIAL

One plant each of the 13 named chrysanthemums, regularly amounting to \$4.05, will be sent for \$3.65.

CISTUS LAURIFOLIUS: White rock rose. The hardiest of these fine plants, but suited only to the Pacific Slope. 3 feet. Flowers creamy white. Fine 3 year old plants			-1-
The hardiest of these fine plants, but suited only to the Pacific Slope. 3 feet. Flowers creamy white. Fine 3 year old plants		ach D	ozen
larger and finer than the old Belladonna, but with the same heavenly blue found in no other flower. 6 feet	The hardiest of these fine plants, but suited only to the Pacific Slope. 3 feet. Flowers creamy white. Fine 3 year old plants COLUMBINES: (See Aquilegia).	1.00	
strains: These are raised from the most expensive imported seed, and include single and double flowers in all the exquisite shades that place the delphinium in a class alone. Lighter shades predominate. A very large stock enables me to name the low price of	larger and finer than the old Belladonna, but with the same heavenly blue found in no other flower. 6 feet	.50	5.00
Dianthus Allwoodi: These are of English origin, and the sort I offer is a brilliant cerise. Flowers for a very long period. Single. 15 inches .30 3.00 Dianthus Alpinus: (R) Likes a little lime in loose loam. Large flowers of brilliant rose. Rewards a little pampering	strains: These are raised from the most expensive imported seed, and include single and double flowers in all the exquisite shades that place the delphinium in a class alone. Lighter shades predominate. A very large stock enables me to name the low price of	.50	5.00
Dianthus Allwoodi: These are of English origin, and the sort I offer is a brilliant cerise. Flowers for a very long period. Single. 15 inches .30 3.00 Dianthus Alpinus: (R) Likes a little lime in loose loam. Large flowers of brilliant rose. Rewards a little pampering	DY		
Dianthus Allwoodi: These are of English origin, and the sort I offer is a brilliant cerise. Flowers for a very long period. Single. 15 inches along. Large flowers of brilliant rose. Rewards a little pampering	DIANTHUS		
ers for a very long period. Single. 15 inches  Dianthus Alpinus: (R) Likes a little lime in loose loam. Large flowers of brilliant rose. Rewards a little pampering	Dianthus Allwoodi: These are of English origin,	ach D	ozen
loam. Large flowers of brilliant rose. Rewards a little pampering	ers for a very long period. Single. 15 inches	.30	3.00
Flowers white, deeply fringed and fragrant. Rather late bloomer	loam. Large flowers of brilliant rose. Rewards a little pampering	.50	5.00
Rather late bloomer	Dianthus Arenarius: (R) As indicated by the name, a sandy soil suits this pink admirably. Flowers white, deeply fringed and fragrant.		
of Dianthus Caessius, very neat and attractive. Flowers pink, on 3-inch stems	Rather late bloomer	.25	2.50
with very erect stems and small single flowers in varying shades of pink. The foliage is itself most ornamental. Much used for rockeries. The handsomest hardy pink in my gardens. 9 inches	of Dianthus Caessius, very neat and attractive.	:35	3.50
inches	with very erect stems and small single flowers in varying shades of pink. The foliage is itself most ornamental. Much used for rockeries.		5
slender habit. Flowers a soft pink. 1 foot25 2.50  Dianthus Caucasicus: A vigorous pink trailer resembling Deltoides. 3 inches	inches	.30	3.00
sembling Deltoides. 3 inches	slender habit. Flowers a soft pink. I foot	.25	2.50
rose color completely cover the plant in spring. Try a dozen in border or rock garden	sembling Deltoides. 3 inches	.25	2.50
pink ever introduced. Makes a large plant and produces freely its huge single blooms of delicate pink, with a central zone of velvety	rose color completely cover the plant in spring.  Try a dozen in border or rock garden	.25	2.50
	pink ever introduced. Makes a large plant and produces freely its huge single blooms of delicate pink, with a central zone of velvety	.50	5.00



		12 12 FV
Pinks topping a wall Ez	ach T	lonon
Dianthus Kamtschaticus: (R) A trailing rock pink of recent introduction, most remarkable for the freedom with which it produces its large deep rose blossoms. With me it bloomed for five months	.35	3.50
Dianthus Neglectus: (R) Many call this the handsomest of rock pinks. A striking cherry red is the color. Gritty soil and perfect drain-		
Dianthus Plumarius: (R) Just the well-known, old-fashioned garden pinks, saturating the spring air with their fragrance and casting enchantment over the garden in general. Pink	.50	5.00
or white, as you prefer. \$15.00 the 100  Dianthus—Selected Rock Hybrids: (R) Resembling Dianthus Deltoides, but with considerable variation in foliage and flower. Very	.25	
low growing, with dainty little blossoms  Dianthus Sundermanii: (R) Snow white flowers, small but perfect, and appearing very late. The true jasmine fragrance is a neverfailing surprise. A generous planting perfumes	.25	2.50
the neighborhood at nightfall  DICENTRA SPECTABLIS: "Bleeding Heart."	.40	4.00
Well-known favorite with drooping racemes of pink flowers. 2 feet. I offer large 2-year plants	.75	7.50
DORONICUM CORDATA: A bold and striking perennial, with large leaves and brilliant	.25	2.50
orange flowers on two to three foot stems  DRABA REPENS: (R) Tiny mustard-yellow flowers in profusion over a long period in late	.35	3.50
spring. 6 inches	.25	2.50
summer. 9 inches	.30	3.00
pink heather which on the Pacific Coast blooms from November to March, even under snow. Questionably hardy in very cold cli- mates. I foot. Splendid shrub to use as a		
group in the rock garden. Plant early Smaller plants ERIGERON ELATIOR: The pretty lavender	1.00 .75	10.00 7.50
flowers are produced all summer. 15 inches. This variety is new and very desirable	.35	3.50

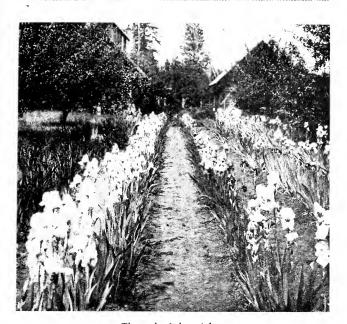
E	ach D	ozen
ERIGERON GLABRA: (R) A native of the Cascade Mountains. Small lavender flowers smother the plant. A vigorous grower. 8		
Cascade Mountains. Small lavender flowers		
inches	.25	2.50
ERIGERON MUCRONATUS: (R) Small	1	
daisy-like flowers of pale pink, 6-inch stems.		
Free and persistent flowering	.30	3.00
ERIGERON MULTIRADIATUS ROSEA:		
ERIGERON MULTIRADIATUS ROSEA: (R) New. Dwarf habit, attractive pink blos-		
soms	.35	3.50
ERINUS ALPINUS: (R) 4 inches would cover		
the height of the leafy rosettes and delicate		
lavender flowers. A choice Alpine most suc-	.25	2.50
cessfully grown in the rock-wall ERINUS ALPINUS CARMINEUS: (R) The	.23	2.30
red flowers are a decided departure from type.		
Charming rosettes of foliage. 6 inches. For		
rock-wall	.35	3.50
ERIOPHYLLUM CAESPITOSUM: (R) "Ore-		
gon Sunshine." Of course the flowers are		
gon Sunshine." Of course the flowers are a rich yellow. Foliage of soft gray-green. Likes full sun. 8 inches. Superior for the		
rockery, but effective anywhere and especially		
in very poor soil	.25	2.50
ERYNGIUM OLIVERANUM: From a cluster		
of glossy leaves rises a branched stem some		
four feet in height. The thistle-like flowers,		
which are very numerous, assume an amethyst	40	4.00
sheen	.40	4.00
ERYNGIUM ZABELI: A much bolder type		
than the preceding, forming specimen clumps 3 feet in height. Small plants	.40	4.00
Specimen clumps	2.00	1100
ERYSIMUM PULCHELLUM: (R) A new		
dwarf species, forming close mats of dark		•
green, later eclipsed with yellow bloom.		
Sandy soil	.25	2.50
EULALIA JAPONICA GRACILIS: An orna-		
mental grass that is the climax of grace. Forms handsome clumps. Dark green	.50	5.00
EULALIA JAPONICA VARIEGATA: A	.50	5.00
heavier leaf than the preceding, and variegated		
withy creamy stripes. 5 feet	.35	3.50
FUSCHIA RICCARTONI: (R) Semi-trail-		
ing, for the rockery. The graceful branches		
and small flowers are very effective. Inclined to die back in severe winters, but quite hardy		
on Pacific Slope	.50	5.00
GENISTA NIGRICANS: (R) Of stocky habit		0.00
with a profusion of golden flowers. 2½ feet.		
Suited to the rock garden of moderate size	1.00	
GENISTA OVATA: (R) Slender, graceful		
branches are sprinkled with the golden flow-	75	
ers in spring. 3 feet. A rock subject	.75	
GERANIUM IBERICUM: (R) These hand- some plants attain a height of 15 inches. Large		
flowers of velvety texture, rich light purple in		
color	.50	5.00
GERANIUM SANGUINEUM: (R) Single		
pink flowers abundantly borne. Makes a	2.5	2.50
large plant. 1 foot	.35	3.50

GERARDIA HYBRIDS: Resembling a small penstemon, this fine plant blooms all summer and fall. The colors are varying shades of red and pink, in mixture only. 2 feet. May not be hardy everywhere, but has withstood zero	ach D	ozen
temperatures here	.30	3.00
which are an ornament to the garden for a long time. 8 inches	.35	3.50
flowers, a decided novelty in this popular plant. Double, free flowering  GEUM "MRS. BRADSHAW": Brilliant orange	.30	3.00
scarlet flowers resembling small roses, cover the plant all summer. You'll be delighted with a liberal planting of these	.25	2.50
GEUM "ORANGE QUEEN": Large flowers of brighter yellow than Lady Stratheden. NEW. 2 feet	.35	3.50
GEUM REPTANS: (R) Vivid yellow flowers.  The plant does not exceed 3 inches in height.  Worthy of a choice pocket in the rockery	.50	5.00
GLOBULARIA TRICHOSANTHA: (R) The glossy leaves often assume a deep purple tint, the flowers about the size of marbles and a pretty blue. 6 inches	.30	3.00
GRAPE HYACINTHS: (See Muscari). GYPSOPHILA ACUTIFOLIA: "Baby Breath."		
Tiny white flowers, fragrant and earlier than Paniculata	.25	2.50
GYPSOPHILA REPENS ROSEA: (R) A fine trailing plant, for rockery or wall. Delicate rose colored flowers. Truth compels the statement that the color is so delicate that it is sometimes almost white	20	2.50
HARPALIUM RIGIDUM: Long, golden petals around a brown center, like a refined and glorified sunflower. 6 to 8 feet. Try it	.30	2.30
against lattice or garage	.25	2.50
Very upright growth. 3 feet	.35	3.50
THE HELENIUMS		
These are magnificent for generous use in autumn garden. All grow about 4 feet tall and are	e exce	ellent
Autumn Queen: Old gold, reverse of petals copper	ach L .25	2.50
Autumnal Rubrum: A novelty. Almost ox- blood red	.35	3.50
Hoopesi: This is an earlier blooming kind, with flowers from May until late summer. Clear golden yellow	.30	3.00
Riverton Beauty: Clear lemon yellow	.25	2.50

#### HELIANTHEMUMS (R)

The "Sun roses" are among the most effective plants employed in the rock garden, semi-shrubby and evergreen, and with a wealth of beautiful flowers. They vary from those of trailing habit to a height of perhaps 9 inches. The plants offered are all extra strong and of good size. I do not carry the ordinary mixed colors, offered at a lower price.

carry the ordinary mixed colors, offered at a lower		ozen
Clear Lemon Yellow—single  Double Red Flowers  Delicate Pink—Single  Duchess of Croydon: Delicate peach color.  Rich Orange (with Burnt Orange Center)		5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00
HELIANTHUS ANGUSTIFOLIUS: Of particularly graceful habit, and latest of all its family to bloom. Slender brilliant yellow petals surround a black disc. 6 ft	.35	3.00
perennial asters, the purple and gold is a good contrast	.25	2.50
also known as day lilies. Deep yellow, fragrant flowers. 15 inches	.30	3.00
HERNIARIA GLABRA: (R) A brilliant green carpeting plant of extreme daintiness  HEUCHERA SANGUINEA "CORAL BELLS": (R) Delicate red flowers on 12-inch	.35	3.50
stems. Nothing daintier in the garden. Large 2-year plants	.35	3.50
equalled for the back of border, to plant against a porch or lattice	.25 .25 .25	2.50 2.50 2.50
rose tringed	.25	2.50
HYPERICUM CORIS: (R) Handsomest rock subject of the entire race. An upright, half shrubby little plant bearing its miniature golden flowers in profusion. 5 inches. Deserves a "reserved seat" in the rock garden  HYPERICUM FRAGILE: (R) Trailing, and	.75	7.50
good, whether in leaf or flower. Bright yellow blossoms on 6-inch stems	.35	3.50
HYPERICUM MOSERIANUM: Taller than the preceding varieties, being sometimes 18 inches in height. Spreads rapidly	.30	3.00
similar to Hypericum Repens, and equally fine foliage	.35	3.50
HYPERICUM REPENS: (R) A multitude of slender stems, clothed with pretty leaves and terminating in golden yellow flowers, make this one of the most satisfactory rock garden subjects. Evergreen. 6 inches  IBERIS TENOREANA: (R) An improved perennial candytuft, completely smothered with rose lavender flowers about Decoration Day. Evergreen. 9 inches. Will do best if	.35	3.50
planted early	.30	3.00



The path of the rainbow

#### IRISES—Germanica

No other hardy plant is getting quite so much attention nowadays as the Iris, and if you have seen an Iris-bordered path in June, flaunting its regal purple and delicate lavender and rich bronze in the spring sunshine, or have had the privilege of viewing a collection which included some of the magnificent new introductions from France and England and our own American originators, you will admit there is ample reason.

Irises increase rapidly and soon form handsome clumps. They are transplanted in early spring or early fall with equal certainty of thriving in their new locations, but fall planting gives greater assurance of flowers the first season. The roots should not be set too deep—a couple of inches of soil to cover is sufficient. They require good drainage and prefer full sunshine. Manure is particularly distasteful to them and often fatal, but bone-meal and air-slaked lime are excellent. June is the month of most prolific bloom.

E	ach D	ozen
Afterglow: Grayish lavender merging into soft		
yellow. Much admired. A generous increaser	.50	5.00
Alcazar: Standards light blue violet, falls rich		
purple	.50	5.00
Ambassadeur: Standards smoky lilac—falls deep		
purple maroon of velvety texture. Massive		
flowers	.75	7.50
Archeveque: Velvety violet purple, distinctive		
in any collection	.25	2.50
B. Y. Morrison: Standards lavender, falls purple		
bordered lavender	1.00	
Caterina: Huge flowers of soft, silvery lavender,		
on very tall stems. Delicious fragrance. Mul-		
tiplies_slowly	.30	2.50
Cluny: Delicate bluelilac, the falls lightly striped		
with brown	1.00	

		Dozen
Crimson King: Very early and rich in coloring. In sunlight has a crimson cast	.30	2.50
Crusader: A beautiful intense clear blue, the standards a little lighter than the falls. Free blooming	1.50	
unusual flower	.50	5.00
Dominion: Standards light violet, falls rich pur- ple. Massive. One of the most famous irises	5.00	
Flavescens: Soft, sulphur yellow throughout. Free bloomer	.20	1.50
Fro: Standards orange, falls mahogany. The best of its coloring	.25	2.25
Germanica: A rich deep purple flower, large and early. Especially good for naturalizing. \$6.00 the hundred	.20	1.25
brilliant orange beard in striking contrast. One of the finest	1.00	10.00
Goliath: Standards an olive-tan, falls reddish purple. Subdued coloring, but very pleasing. Seldom seen	.50	4.50
Helga: Early flowering, half dwarf variety, with pale yellow blooms	.25	2.50
Her Majesty: Impression given by this flower is a deep pink. Plant with Queen of May  Isolene: Standards silvery lilac, falls purplish	.20	1.50
old rose. As fine as it is unique	.35	3.00
<ul><li>Juniata: Clear deep blue, tall and vigorous</li><li>Kathryn Fryer: Standards yellow, the falls velvet marcon. Many flowers on tall stems.</li></ul>	.25	2.00
Very brilliant. Late		10.00
reddish purple	.25	1.50
roon margined gold. Striking	.25	2.00
Buds are coal black	.25	2.00
royal purple with velvety texture. Tall and large	.75	7.50
deeper blue	.30	2.50
Plant the two together, with Pallida Dalmatica, if you want something fine	.25	2.50
Lord of June: Standards lavender blue, falls light violet blue. A frequent prize winner  Loreley: Standards light vellow, falls purple	.75	7.50
Loreley: Standards light yellow, falls purple merging into canary. Standards are often splashed with purple. Very gay	.25	1.50
purple. Massive flower. One of the much-discussed new ones	2.00	2.25
Mauvine: Standards mauve, falls a few shades darker	.35	3.00
son, bordered gold. Late and dwarf. Excellent to use in front of taller sorts	.25	2.00

#### IRISES IN QUANTITY

Perhaps you have a long drive or path to border—perhaps there's a little slope on your grounds where a mass of spring color would be an attractive sight from your windows—maybe you've seen generous plantings of irises in front of shrubbery and would like to try such an effect for yourself. Amazingly low prices will be quoted in quantity, particularly if you care to accept my suggestions as to varieties.

T ·	ach I	Dozen
Monsignor: Standards sating violet, falls crimson purple, margined lighter		
Mme. Durand: Soft buff with heliotrope flush.		
Morning Splendor: Rich purple with reddish tone, enhanced by brilliant beard. Highly commended by American Iris Society		
Mother of Pearl: Its coloring is well indicated by the name	.50	5.00
Mrs. Alan Gray: Delicate orchid pink, frequently blooming a second time in the fall	.25	2.00
Nibelungen: Standards fawn with olive tint; falls purple, edged with fawn	.20	1.25
Nimbus: Peculiar sombre coloring, deep violet, with slaty tone	1.00	
Opera: Standards reddish lilac, falls purple Pallida Dalmatica: Big flowers of lovely silvery	.50	
Pallida Dalmatica: Big flowers of lovely silvery lavender. Tall. One of the very best for massing	.25	2.00
Parisiana: Standards lavender pink, falls cream, stippled and suffused with lavender	.35	3.00
Pauline: Tall claret red	.25	2.50
purple. Particularly fine form	.25	2.00
rose, falls plum, margined primrose  Prosper Laugier: A fine bronze, with large flow-	.20	1.75
ers	.30	2.50
lavender and mother of pearl tints	.25	2.00
lavender, overlaid with a marked sheen. Exquisite	1.00	10.00
try a mass planting of this beautiful sort. With Iberis Tenoreana (page 14). It is something to rave over	.20	1.25
Red Cloud: When the sun is on this iris, it is almost crimson	.25	2.50
Rhein Nixe: Standards purest white, falls deep violet bordered with white	.25	2.00
Seminole: Velvety flower of rich reddish tone	.50	
Shekinah: Tall yellow. Plant with lavender or blue sorts	.50	



A modest but

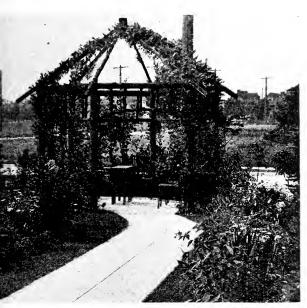
_	ach D	ozen
Sherwin Wright: Bright golden yellow, the rich color more than offsetting the rather small size of the flowers. Medium height	.25	2.00
Souvenir de Mme. Gaudichaux: A uniform shade of dark blue-purple, lit at the center by the vivid gold of its beard. Many consider this the best iris ever introduced	2.00	
Standard Bearer: Rich claret shade, tall and free blooming. A fine accent for the garden, particularly when a half dozen or more plants are employed	.50	4.00
Sunset: Old gold is the prevailing tone. Very late blooming and handsome	1.00	
White Knight: Standards and falls both of pure milk white	.40	3.50
Zua: Lavender, the flowers most distinctive on account of their crinkled texture, like crepe. Early	.75	

## THE BULBOUS IRISES

These spring from bulbs like onions, and bloom after the German irises. The bulbs of all are properly planted in August or very early September, at which time they are dormant, but it is suggested you place your order in the spring, and I will see that the bulbs are forwarded at the right time. On the Pacific Coast it is quite feasible to plant these up to February 15, for it does not seem to harm them to move with growth considerably advanced.

They will be listed in the order of their blooming. Gener-

ous planting is essential to the best effect.



inctive garden

size bulbs

#### HOLLAND OR DUTCH IRISES

Charming cut flowers. A dozen makes an attractive clump.

Dozen 100

Albert Cuyp: White standards, falls orange merging into canary yellow. First size bulbs 1.00 5.00

Anton Mauve: Standards light lilac, falls rich golden yellow with cream border. General effect, a lovely grayish lilac. Same price as Albert Cuyp.

David Terniers: Lilac standards, falls rich yellow. Same price as Albert Cuyp.

Rembrandt: Standards deep clear blue, falls deep yellow widely margined with blue, an effect

#### SPANISH IRISES

..... 1.50 9.00

much like a handsome peacock feather. First

King of the Blues: Brilliant blue, with yellow lip. Exquisite for cutting. First size bulbs.. 1.00 5.00

#### ENGLISH IRISES

IRIS SIBERICA		
The Siberian Irises have slender, rush-like f look particularly graceful when bordering a pool The flowers are daintily constructed and not generously produced. Plant in spring or early blooming than the Germanica.	or st large all.	ream. e. but
Blue King: A deep rich blue. 2 feet  Distinction: Light blue, conspicuously veined.  The flowers are so handsome and so different from other varieties that they well merit their name. 2½ feet	.25	2.50
Perry's Blue: Very large for this type of iris, a charming blue, flowers held well above the foliage		10.00
THE JAPANESE IRISES		
These unfold their regal flowers, often 8 and across, in July. They range through delicate la richest purple, some are pure white marked with g are daintily veined with contrasting color. They good drainage and sun.  I offer only in high-class mixture as yet; some of the flowers with three petals, others with six, but all attractive in the extreme	vende old, c must	ers to others have Dozen
MISCELLANEOUS IRISES		
	ach I	Oozen
AUREA: An especially effective sort for use in the border. Does best in rather heavy soil. Large pure yellow flowers	.50	5.00
IRIS BULLEYANA: Like a glorified Siberian Iris. The flowers are much larger, borne well above the foliage, and of rich blue or purple. Excellent for pool planting, though not in the water  IRIS CRISTATA: (R) This graceful miniature iris should be established in a position with afternoon shade, and rather light soil. In-	1.00	10.00
creases fast and bears delicate lavendar flowers in abundance. Very much at home in the rock garden	.25	2.50
lavender flowers	1.00 .50	5.00
irises. This sort has rich purple flowers. 6 inches is the height, making the plants particularly fine for rock gardens or bordering taller		
irises	.25	2.50
Fairy: Light blue. Florida: Clear yellow. Orange Queen: Deep yellow. IRIS TECTORUM: (R) The celebrated roof iris of Japan. Violet-purple IRIS TRICUSPIS: Leaves arranged in. fan shaped sheath, thin as a knife-blade. Delicate lavender and gold flowers on tall stems for many weeks in summer. Very rare		5.00
many weeks in summer. Very rare	1.00	

E	ach D	ozen
IRIS SWANENBURG: (R) For the rock garden in particular. Dwarf. Most unusual flow-		
ers of greenish-bronze	.50	5.00
	.50	3.00
JAPANESE ANEMONE: (See "Anemones"). JAPANESE IRISES: See page 22. JASIONE HUMILIS: (R) The flowers resemble brilliant blue scabiosas and are supported on 12-inch stems above a basal tuft of		
healthy green. Bloom for several months  LAVANDULA PURPUREA NANA: (R) A dwarf lavender, with same delicious fragrance	.25	2.50
as its huskier relative. Very desirable  LAVANDULA VERA (LAVENDER): What can be more delightful than this occupant of old English gardens, with its sweetly scented flower spikes and association of sentiment?	.30	3.00
Did you know it makes a fine hedge? 3 feet. Strong plants	.40 1.25	4.00
woolly leaves, the flowers white. Not at all difficult to grow in well drained, sunny situation	.50	5.00
drop, but bolder. Thrives best in light rich soil. This is a bulb, for fall planting. Naturalizes well	.25	2.50
LILIES		
These are properly planted in the fall. I offer ing sorts and suggest placing your order in the shipment at just the proper time. Planting a hal more bulbs in a clump gives best display.	the fo spring f-doze ach I	g, for en or
Lilium Candidum: Also called Madonna Lily or		
St. Joseph's Lily. Blooms in early summer. Pure white and highly perfumed Lilium Elegans: Handsome orange flowers. This	.35	3.50
variety is exceptionally hardy and prolific	.30	3.00
Lilium Pardalinum. Orange flowers of graceful shape on rather slender stems	.35	3.50
Its long, creamy trumpet with pink shading, its clear yellow throat and delicious fragrance, make a flower long remembered. Fine bulbs Lilium Tigrinum: Old-fashioned, striking tiger	.50	5.00
lily. A bold clump with proper shrubbery or other background cannot be surpassed		2.50
NEW. A tremendous advance over the older sort. Like a huge yellow snapdragon. Very free flowering. Inclined to spread when		
thoroughly established		4.00
ender the color. 6 inches	.35	3.50
seen this charming yellow sort? Dwarf (not		

W. L. CRISSEI ALPINE GAR	בו עו	14 9
E	ach D	ozen
LINUM NARBONENSE: (R) Of angular, pic-		
turesque growth, the flowers an exquisite	40	4.00
shade of blue. Long blooming LINUM PERENNE: (R) "The Blue Sky Flow-	.40	4.00
er." Dainty foliage and dainty azure flowers		
throughout the summer give this plant more		
than ordinary interest	.25	2.50
LITHOSPERMUM PROSTRATUM: (R) A		
trailing evergreen with flowers of intense gen-		
tian blue. Well adapted to falling over a wall or draping a large rock. Potted plants six		
inches across	1.00	
inches across		
most intense red approaching vermillion. Suc-		
ceeds best in semi-shady, moist location. 3	.35	3.50
LUPINUS LYALLI: (R) A rare gem from the	.55	3.30
Cascade Mountains of Oregon. The silver		
foliage is a foil for the soft-blue flowers. 6		
inches. Likes dry, sandy location LUPIN—ENGLISH HYBRIDS: Noble per-	.50	5.00
ennials 2 feet tall, with flowers of blue, yellow,		
rose and other beautiful shades. In mixture.		
Small plants—to flower this year	.35	3.50
LYCHNIS CHALCEDONICA: Vivid orange		
scarlet flowers in heads resembling the Sweet	25	2.50
William, attract attention in any garden LYCHNIS VISCARIA SPLENDENS PLENA:	.25	2.50
(R) This plant will be noticed in any rock		
garden, no matter how choice the other occu-		
pants may be. Clear cerise flowers on 8-inch		
stems form a perfect mound of arresting col-		
or. The plant itself is a low tuft of grassy leaves. Stock limited	.35	3.50
MICHAELMAS DAISIES: (See Asters).	.55	3.30
MONARDA DIDYMA: "Bergamot" is the pop-		
ular name of this, and the variety is Cam-		
bridge Scarlet. A very showy plant with crim-		
son flowers of fantastic form. Use it as an informal hedge between you and your neigh-		
	.25	2.50
bor MUSCARI (GRAPE HYACINTHS): (R)		
These fall-planted bulbs are best set in August		
or September, and naturalize splendidly un-		
der trees (not evergreens, but apple or maple), and are suited to the rock garden as well,		
where they soon form most satisfying colonies.		
The brilliant blue flowers make a striking dis-		
play for some weeks in the spring. The price		
is 75 cents the dozen, or \$5.00 for a whole hundred		
dred.  NEPETA MUSSINI: (R) Tumbling masses of		
gray-green foliage as a foil for the clouds of		
lavender flowers. Nothing more satisfactory		
for liberal use in the rock garden or border 1		

## ORDER EARLY

.25

2.50

for liberal use in the rock garden or border. 1

Shipment can be made at any desired time, but it will insure you against disappointment if the order is booked while stocks are complete. This is particularly true of rare Alpines.

PAPAVER (Poppies)	-1. T	
Orientalis Pink: The finest of this color that it has been my good fortune to see. Lasts well		ozen
in water if cut just as expanding  Orientalis Scarlet: Immense flowers of viv-	.40	4.00
id scarlet. They are often 8 to 10 inches across. Set in early spring or late August	.25	2.50
Rupifragum: (R) A bit of orange silk wafted to American gardens from the Pyrenees Moun- tains in Spain. 1 foot. Likes hot, dry situa- tion. Always in bloom if not allowed to seed	.35	3.00
PENSTEMON		
Penstemon Barbata "Huntington's Shell Pink":		
Tubular flowers of soft pink hang gracefully from three foot stalks. A real addition to the perennial border	.35	3.50
Penstemon Glaber: (R) A slender plant usually not exceeding a foot in height, with blue flow-		
ers shading into violet. Excellent	.30	3.00
Penstemon Menziesii—Rupicola: (R) Very dwarf, gray foliage, handsome red flowers	.50	5.00
Penstemon Murryanus: Tubular flowers of scar- let and amber, loosely placed on slender spikes.		
3 feet	.25	2.50
Penstemon Ovatus Douglasi: (R) The plant itself is a low cluster of burnished green leaves; the flowers deep, rich blue, changing to mauve		
as they age. They are borne in profusion on stems varying from a foot high in their moun-		
tain habitat, to perhaps three feet in exceptionally rich garden soil. An exquisite subject		
for either rock garden or perennial border. Give sunny exposure. Fine blooming size		
plants	.25	2.50
Penstemon Pubescens: (R) Pale pink or blue flowers. A very choice little plant. 6 inches	.35	3.50
Penstemon Rattani Minor: (R) Found on Mt. Hood at elevation of 6000 feet. Shining green leaves in pleasantly spreading tufts. Soft blue		
or mauve flowers. 4 inches	.25	2.50
Penstemon Smalli: A basal tuft of rather large leaves, with a 3 foot stalk supporting dainty		
bells of white, tinged lavender	.25	2.50

#### **PEONIES**

Every year I become a stronger "peony fan," with fresh admiration and enthusiasm for these big balls of fragrance and beauty. A fine peony is really an investment, growing handsomer each year of its establishment, absolutely hardy and permanent. Peonies are properly planted only in the fall, but if you will include them in your spring order the plants will be sent at just the right time. In planting, the new shoots, or "eyes," should not be covered with more than 2 inches of soil, and the earth beneath made very firm to prevent sinking. Bone meal is the ideal fertilizer.

The quotations are for strong divisions, none with less than three sprouts, many with six or more. Double flowers unless particularly specified as single.

PEONIES—DOUBLE SORTS	Each
Alexander Dumas: Bright pink and cream shades and the unusually long blooming period of this sort, make it of extraordinary value in the garden. Early	.75
Baroness Schroeder: Big globular flower of soft flesh-white. Late mid-season	1.50
season	1.00
center. Early	.75
Extra. Mid-season	3.00
mid-season  Marguerite Gerard: Flesh pink, fading to white.  Just a few stamens in the center. Extra large.	2.50
Late	2.00
in clusters. Mid-season	
collar. Early and fine	1.25
handsomest of all	
PEONIES—SINGLE, SEMI-DOUBLE A JAPANESE TYPES	
These blooms lend themselves to most artistic arrangements, and are equally admired on the plan Albiflora, the Bride: A single row of broad white petals encircles a mass of golden stamens. A	
vigorous grower and a free bloomer  Ama No Sode: Bright rose pink, merging into lighter tone at margin. A very large flower.	1.75
	8.00
Goldmine: A beautiful deep rose Japanese peony, with center of rich gold	2.50
Mikado: Crimson petals surround a mound of golden petaloids. Very large. Japanese, of	

## spicuous petaloids stdiped crimson and white 7.50 I HAVE OTHER PEONIES

Pride of Langport: An exquisite single pink, brilliant yet soft in color.....

Yeso: An attractive white flower, sometimes tinged pink. Japanese.....

Fuyajo (Japan): Dark maroon with velvety sheen. Two rows of guard petals. Con-

2.00

6.00

1.50

Perhaps but a few of some of the choicer sorts, but decidedly worth seeing at blooming time, to make selection for your own garden. Early June in normal seasons.

PERUVIAN LILY: (See Alstromeria).

course



Phlox Subulata-Graceful and Gay

## PHLOX DECUSSATA (Hardy Phloxes)

Phloxes were always an important feature of old-fashioned gardens, and they're equally indispensable now. No other perennial is quite so valuable for mid-summer flower masses, and the plants thrive equally in full sun or half shade. They like rich soil. If possible, plant at least a half dozen of one sort, for massing is essential to get the finest effect. Most of them are pleasingly fragrant.

Each Dozen

.25 2.50

tracting much attention from October until the

middle of December.....

	ach I	Oozen
PHLOX SUBULATA "MOSS PINK": (R) A trailing plant which soon forms a mat of bright green, changing to a solid rug of color		
when in flower. Lilac—especially good Pink White	.25 .25 .25	2.50 2.50 2.50
PHLOX SUBULATA "VIVID": (R) Brilliant rose pink, blooms several weeks later than others. Does not spread. Extra choice	.35	3.50
PHYSALIS FRANCHETI "Chinese Lantern Plant": The seeds are produced in brilliant orange capsules about the size of an egg. These dry for effective winter decorations.	٠	
18 inches	.25	2.50
PHYSOSTEGIA: Like a huge heather. Blooms in midsummer and is valuable for cutting. 3 feet. There are two sorts:		
Soft lavender pink		2.50 2.50
PHYSOSTEGIA VIRGINICA "VIVID": Deep rose colored spikes which appear in late sum-		
mer when the perennial border is very bare.		
ting material. An excellent harmony with Japanese Anemone "Queen Charlotte"	.35	3.50
PHYTEUMA WAGNERI: (R) Crowded heads of blue flowers. Sun and a gritty soil suit phyteumas. Another rare plant	.35	3.50
PLUMBAGO LARPENTAE (Syn Ceratostigma Plumbaginoides): (R) Said to have been discovered on the walls of Pekin, this Chinese plant is invaluable in the rock garden, as it introduces a note of intense blue in the fall, when that color is scarce indeed. Fine autumn foliage	.35	3.00
POLEMONIUM HUMILE: (R) A true Alpine with pale blue flowers on stems a few inches		
in height	.30	3.00
or in the rock garden	.25	2.50
POLYGONUM VACCINIIFOLIUM: (R) A rare prostrate shrub from the high Him- alayas. Once established, the spikes of small pink flowers are freely produced. It is ideal for falling over a wall. Fine autumn tints. A		
very few plants at  POPPIES: (See Papaver).	.75	7.50
POTENTILLAS		
Alpina: (R) Handsome, small foliage, yellow flowers. 4 inches tall	.35	3.50
Bicolor: Effective combination of red and yellow. 15 inches	.35	3.50
Cinerea: (R) A little gem, but an inch high, with lovely yellow flowers	.35	3.50

***************************************	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	
E	ach I	Oozen
Potentilla Nepalensis "Roxana": (R) An English		
novelty of the very highest merit. Large single		
flowers of an arresting orange-pink are pro-		
duced throughout the summer on vigorous plants which attain a height of 18 inches and		
plants which attain a neight of 16 niches and		
a spread of 2 feet or more. A very few large plants	.75	
Small plants—to bloom in late summer and fall	.50	5.00
Nepalensis Willmottiae: (R) Robust sort grow-		
ing 18 inches tall, flowers cerise and remark-		
able for being produced all summer	.35	3.00
HARDY PRIMULAS (Primros	(202	
There are for helf she ded situations	ach I	0000
	acii L	ozen
Auricula (Swiss Primrose): (R) Glossy leaves of leathery texture serve as a base for the numer-		
ous flower stems on well-established plants. A		
great variety of rich, velvety colors, usually		
with contrasting throats	.30	3.00
Bulleyana: (R) Rich apricot yellow, on whorled		0.00
spikes. 2 feet	.50	5.00
Cashmiriana: Globular flower-heads of dark lilac.		
borne on stems from 6 inches to 1 foot	.40	4.00
Denticulata: A vigorous sort with round heads		
of flowers ranging from pale lavender to deep		
purple. 1 foot	.40	4.00
Japonica Alba: (R) This means flowers of		
light shades, not necessarily white. Impos-		
ing two-foot stems carry them	.35	3.50
Japonica Rosea: (R) Very strong growing. Flow-		
ers of varying shades of pink and rose are		
borne in whorls on 2-foot stems	.50	5.00
Pulverulenta: Of most amiable disposition and		
imposing appearance. With ample moisture		
and rich ground it grows two to three feet tall.		
The flowers of soft rich red are borne in suc-		r 00
cessive whorls	.50	5.00
Vulgaris (English): (R) In varying shades of		
yellow, rich red, maroon, etc., many showing		
distinct eyes of contrasting color. Nothing could be prettier in early spring than a gener-		
ous border of these flowers	.25	2.50
Vulgaris Double Lavender: (R) Exquisite very		2.00
double flowers borne in greatest profusion		
when the plant is established. The stock of		
these is very limited	.75	7.50
Vulgaris Double White: (R)	1.00	10.00
PRUNELLA WEBBIANA: (R) These make		
charming little mounds of color 6 inches high,	20	2.00
ranging from pale rose to deep purple	.30	3.00
PYRETHRUM: "Persian Daisy." The flowers		
are supported on 2-foot stems and appear about Decoration Day. They last exceedingly		
well. In mixture of white, pink and red	.25	2.50
Splendid imported double types	.40	4.00
RUDBECKIA PURPUREA: Big rose-colored		
daisies with a large brown central cone.		
Unique and decorative, 4 feet	.35	3.50
RUDBECKIA TRILOBA: Brilliant golden		
petals central black cone. The flowers are		
very freely produced, for a long period, on loosely branched stems. 3 feet tall. One of		
loosely branched stems. 3 feet tall. One of		
the very finest border perennials	.35	3.50

SALVIAS (Domanuial)		
SALVIAS (Perennial)	ch D	ozen
Azurea: True azure blue flowers, on airy stems 3 feet tall, make this a decided addition to the		
autumn display	.25	2.50
summer. 3 feet	.30	3.00
with rose or purple flowers	.35	3.50
SANTOLINA CHAMAECYPARISSUS: (R) Often called "Lavender Cotton." Strong growing plant of special value for the large rockery, where it soon forms an imposing mound	25	2.50
of silvery foliage. 2 feet	.25	2.50
color in May and June	.25	2.50
flowers	.25	2.50
SAXIFRAGES (R)		
Until my offerings of these are more extende make no attempt to classify them with botanical All are splendid for the rockery. Most of them p with moderate moisture.	prec	ision. sun,
Aeizoon, Encrusted: Rosettes of fleshy leaves with silvered edges. White flowers. 6 to 8	ach D	ozen
Aeizoon Rosea, Encrusted: Rose pink flowers are	.35	3.50
a pleasing variation from most of the Aeizoon class	.50	5.00
red flowers in early spring. Light shade  Macnabiana, Encrusted: 15-inch stems with	.40	4.00
white flowers. Autumn foliage shows hand- some tints	.35	3.50
of soft rose flowers in very early spring. Half shade	.35	3.50
Mossy Saxifrage, Pink: The green rosettes are very ornamental, the pink flowers a finishing touch. Light shade	.35	3.50
Mossy Saxifrage—Decipiens Rosea: Makes fine compact clumps. Pink flowers Mossy Saxifrage Hipnoides: Especially luxuriant mound of green and a mist of white flowers	.30	3.00
in mid-summer. One of most satisfactory of all for shade	.35	3.50
Pyramidalis, Encrusted: The finest of this class. Two foot flower stems bearing hundreds of tiny white blooms	.40	4.00
Umbrosa: The rosettes of fleshy green leaves, much-branched red stems terminating in pink		
blossoms, make a most attractive sight. Requires considerable shade	.25	2.50



Perennial Phloxes

$m \nu$	JZEII
.40	4.00
	100
	100
.75 .85	4.00 5.00
	.40 .zen .75

## SEDUMS (R)

These plants have fleshy leaves, are mostly evergreens,

and thrive in well-drained, sunny places, making subjects for the rock garden, and the more robus are fine ground covers.	t gro	
	ich D	OZCII
Acre "Golden Moss": Bright green foliage, and equally brilliant yellow flowers. Creeping	.25	2.50
Album: Vividly green, at blooming time sprinkled with white stars. Will crowd out choicer small plants, so place accordingly. 3 inches		
tall	.25	2.50
Arboreum: A bushy sort some 9 inches tall. Blush flowers	.25	2.50
Dasyphyllum: Glaucous, bead-like foliage, pink-		
ish-white flowers. 2 inches	.50	5.00
Fabaria: Large flowered. Rose	.35	3.50
Hispanicum: One of the loveliest, with its		
bluish-gray mats of foliage. Creamy blossoms	.25	2.50
<b>Kamtschaticum:</b> 4 or 5 inch stems clothed with cheerful green foliage, are topped with		
orange flowers	.25	2.50

Kamtachatiaum Variagatum: The foliage place	ich D	ozen
Kamtschaticum Variegatum: The foliage pleasingly varied with white	.35	3.50
Lydium Roseum: Low and flat, pink flowers	.25	2.50
Oregonum: Noticeably fleshy shoots, native to Oregon, and ranking among the most at-		
tractive	.25	2.50
Pruniatum Forsterianum: Golden yellow flowers,	0.5	
trailing habit	.35	3.50
Reflexum: Vigorous trailing growth. Yellow flowers. Sun or light shade	.25	2.50
Replesiana: Upright growth, very attractive. 9	25	0.50
Rupestre: A British species with bright yellow	.25	2.50
flowers	.25	2.50
Sarmentosum: A light green sort from China.	25	0.50
Creeping. Pale yellow flowers  Sexangulare: Gives an impression of slender-	.25	2.50
ness and grace. 3 inches	.30	3.00
"Silver": Unidentified but mighty good looking		
just the same. A little on order of Hispanicum, but very distinct and stiffer growth	.35	3.50
Spurium Coccineum: Crimson flowers in July		
and August. Foliage assumes reddish tones in autumn	.25	2.50
Stahli: Vivid green in midsummer, generously	0	2.00
touched with bright red. 3 inches	.35	3.50
Stolonifera: Flower lavender-pink, leaves noticeably flat. 6 inches	.25	2.50
CELADED VILLAGADA		
SEMPERVIVUMS (R)	-1	<b>.</b>
All have rosettes of succulent foliage, from whi		oring ozen
All have rosettes of succulent foliage, from whi rather fantastic spikes of flowers. Ea		
All have rosettes of succulent foliage, from whi rather fantastic spikes of flowers. Ea  Sempervivum Arachnoides: (R) "The Cob-web Houseleek." A conspicuous silvery web en-	ich D	ozen
All have rosettes of succulent foliage, from whi rather fantastic spikes of flowers. Ea  Sempervivum Arachnoides: (R) "The Cob-web Houseleek." A conspicuous silvery web envelopes the plant		
All have rosettes of succulent foliage, from whi rather fantastic spikes of flowers.  Sempervivum Arachnoides: (R) "The Cob-web Houseleek." A conspicuous silvery web envelopes the plant	.25 .25	2.50 2.50
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All have rosettes of succulent foliage, from whi rather fantastic spikes of flowers.  Sempervivum Arachnoides: (R) "The Cob-web Houseleek." A conspicuous silvery web envelopes the plant	.25 .25	2.50 2.50
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All have rosettes of succulent foliage, from whi rather fantastic spikes of flowers. Ea  Sempervivum Arachnoides: (R) "The Cob-web Houselcek." A conspicuous silvery web envelopes the plant	.25 .25 .25 .25	2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50
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All have rosettes of succulent foliage, from whi rather fantastic spikes of flowers.  Sempervivum Arachnoides: (R) "The Cob-web Houseleek." A conspicuous silvery web envelopes the plant	.25 .25 .25 .25	2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50
All have rosettes of succulent foliage, from whi rather fantastic spikes of flowers.  Sempervivum Arachnoides: (R) "The Cob-web Houseleek." A conspicuous silvery web envelopes the plant	.25 .25 .25 .25	2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50
All have rosettes of succulent foliage, from whi rather fantastic spikes of flowers.  Sempervivum Arachnoides: (R) "The Cob-web Houseleek." A conspicuous silvery web envelopes the plant	.25 .25 .25 .25 .25	2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50
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All have rosettes of succulent foliage, from whi rather fantastic spikes of flowers.  Sempervivum Arachnoides: (R) "The Cob-web Houseleek." A conspicuous silvery web envelopes the plant	.25 .25 .25 .25 .25 .25 .25 .35	2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 6 easy ilene 5.00 3.50
All have rosettes of succulent foliage, from whi rather fantastic spikes of flowers.  Sempervivum Arachnoides: (R) "The Cob-web Houseleek." A conspicuous silvery web envelopes the plant	.25 .25 .25 .25 .25	2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 easy ilene
All have rosettes of succulent foliage, from whi rather fantastic spikes of flowers.  Sempervivum Arachnoides: (R) "The Cob-web Houselcek." A conspicuous silvery web envelopes the plant	.25 .25 .25 .25 .25 .25 .25 .35	2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 6 easy ilene 5.00 3.50
All have rosettes of succulent foliage, from whi rather fantastic spikes of flowers.  Sempervivum Arachnoides: (R) "The Cob-web Houselcek." A conspicuous silvery web envelopes the plant	.25 .25 .25 .25 .2525	2,50 2,50 2,50 2,50 2,50 easy ilene 5,00 3,50 2,50
All have rosettes of succulent foliage, from whi rather fantastic spikes of flowers.  Sempervivum Arachnoides: (R) "The Cob-web Houselcek." A conspicuous silvery web envelopes the plant	.25 .25 .25 .25	2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 6 easy ilene 5.00 3.50

E	ach D	ozen
Shafta: Lovely subject for the rockery or border.  The habit is trailing, the flowers a soft purlish-rose, and they come in late summer		2.50
er): (R) The plant itself looks exactly like an iris, but the flowers are distinct, in color cream with purple striping. A decided novelty for a semi-shaded spot	.40	4.00
SPIREA FILIPENDULA HEXAPETALA: (R) Finely cut foliage with clusters of pretty, creamy flowers on 15-inch stems	.35	3.50
SPIREA FILIPENDULA ULMARIA PLE- NA: Fern-like foliage, very good in itself, and in addition tall sprays of small white	,,00	
flowers. 2 feet. A very uncommon plant STACHYS CILIATA: (R) Bright green leaves variegated with white. The plant soon forms a nice clump and is particularly adapted to shady places. There are two colors of the flowers, and they are available separately; the lavender is really the more attractive. 6 inches.	.35	3.50
Lavender Stachys	.25 .25	2.00 2.00
peting plant, with tiny mimulus-like flowers of blush-white. Only 2 inches tall	.25	2.50
STACHYS LANATA "LAMB'S EARS": (R) The chief charm of this plant is its velvety foliage of pale gray-green. Especially good with lavender or mauve flowers	.25	2.50
STELLARIA GRAMINEA AUREA: (R) This forms an absolutely prostrate mat of yellow-green foliage. Should be planted where it will not encroach upon delicate neighbors	.25	2.50
STOKESIA CYANEA: Large aster-like flowers of lavender-blue, generously produced	.25	
SYNTHYRIS ROTUNDIFOLIA: (R) A dainty midget for shaded portions of the rock garden, or naturalizing in woods. Lavender flowers appear in very early spring. 3 inches. At its best in colonies of 10 to 50 plants	.25	2.50
TEUCRIUM FLAVUM: An unusual plant. Hardy only in milder sections. Yellow flowers. 2 feet	.40	4.00
THALICTRUM ADIANTIFOLIUM: The leaves are just like a fine maidenhair fern, with one important difference—when cut for bouquets they last several days in perfect condition. The flower is inconspicuous. 2-year	.10	4.00
plants	.50	5.00
ery lavender flowers in June and July. Like half shade. 5 feet	.30	3.00
<b>THALICTRUM DIPTEROCARPUM:</b> Small lavender flowers arranged in a perfect shower on very tall and much branched stems. A well-grown plant will attain a height of 6 feet.		
A sensation wherever shown. 1 year plants	.35	3.50

## THYMUS (Thyme)

	esides	hese. s. A Pozen
Albus: (R) Creeping stems and tiny foliage,		
white flowers	.25	2.50
Azoricus: (R) Rare creeping sort	.35	3.50 2.50
inches	.25	2.50
Lanuginosus: (R) Woolly leaved thyme, especially fine to fall over a dry wall. Trailing Serphyllum: (R) Trailing, with pinkish-lavender	.25	2.50
flowers	.25 .25	2.50 2.50
Serphyllum Coccineus: (R) With crimson-purple flowers	.25	2.50
TRADESCANTIA VIRGINICA: Sometimes called spider lily. Is most at home in moist ground and with some shade. Under these circumstances a free bloomer. The variety		
offered has deep blue flowers. 15 inches	.25	2.50
TRITOMA—EXPRESS HYBRIDS: Luxuriant clumps of rush-like foliage of tropical appearance. Majestic spikes of orange and yel-		
low flowers. 4 and 5 feet	.35	3.50
to red. They are rather dwarf, rarely reaching even 3 feet in height  TRITOMA PFITZERII: A constant bloomer throughout the company and fall. Orange	.35	3.50
throughout the summer and fall. Orange scarlet spikes. 5 feet	.40	4.00
sort, but many will like this lovely color for combinations where the orange or scarlet		
might not fit	.35	3.50
TUNICA SAXIFRAGA: (R) A splendid filler and softener for the rock garden. The low clump of grassy foliage is quite obscured by the cloud of pale pink flowers resembling a miniature "baby-breath." Blooms all summer. Use generously		
	.25	2.50
VERONICAS		
The veronicas include some of the most delight found in the garden. They are easily grown.	tful ach D	
Bachhofeni: One of the very handsomest of this very large family. The azure flowers are arranged on loose spikes which grow from 18	icii D	OZCII
inches to 2 feet tall	.35	3.50
blue. 9 inches	.35 .40	3.50 4.00
summer. 18 inches	.35	3.50

· Ea	ach D	ozen
Incana: (R) Silvery foliage, deep blue flowers. 8 inches	.25	
Pinnata: Finely divided, dainty leaves, with flowers of pale blue. Erect habit. 2 feet	.35	3.50
Prenja: (R) This is seldom catalogued in America, but is a charming plant for rockery or perennial border. 9 inches. Soft blue is the color. Blooms with the irises and is a fine foreground for them	.35	3.50
Repens: (R) Only an inch tall, starred with azure blue flowers		
"Royal Blue": (R) Grows a foot tall and bears gentian blue flowers	.25	2.50 3.50
Rupestris: (R) A gem, with evergreen trailing foliage, and charming blue flowers in the ut-		
most profusion	.25	2.50
novelty in most rock gardens	.35	3.50
intense blue flowers in the spring. 2 inches Spicata: Blue flowers of varying shades. 12 to	.35	3.50
20 inches	.25	2.50
Spicata Alba: (R) 9 inch spikes of snowy white	.30	3.00
Spicata Rosea: (R) Spikes of rose flowers. • 1 foot	,25	2.50
VIOLA GRACILIS—"G. WERMIG": (R)	,50	2.00
Deep purple, in form and color a close approach to the true violet. The plant soon forms a broad mat and blooms prodigally for six months of the year if the withered flowers are sheared. Unequaled for rich bedding effects, bordering a walk or drive	.25	2.00
supreme as a bedding or bordering plant. Full sun or light afternoon shade. \$15 the hundred VIOLA—NATIVE: (R) While this is collected in the foothills, it looks very much like some very old garden flower escaped from cultivation. It is quaint and saucy-faced, and blooms all summer in profusion. Prevailing color purple. Small plants, but they will bloom	.25	2.50
generously by mid-summer	.50	2.50
ZAUSCHNERIA CALIFORNICA: (R) Vivid scarlet flowers make this trailing plant wonderfully attractive in late summer and fall. Sometimes called "The trailing fuschia." Suc-	.43	2.30
ceeds well in hot, rather dry place	.50	5.00

#### SHRUBS

Only a few of these are offered. Most of them are too large to be sent to advantage to other than nearby points. Where small sizes are mentioned, they can be included with distant shipments when desired. Each Dozen DIDDIETA MACNITUTA

BUDDLEIA MAGNIFICA: "Butterfly Bush."		
Racemes of delightfully fragrant purple flow-		
ers in late summer, very attractive to the but-		
terflies. Should be cut back within three feet		
of the ground in early spring. Flowers first		
season.		
Small plants	.25	2.50
Large		

DAPHNE CNEORUM: One of the finest shrubs for the rock garden. The flowers are pink with exquisite fragrance. 18 inches. Stocky plants. 6 inches tall.....

DEUTZIA "PRIDE OF ROCHESTER": A noble shrub attaining a height of 8 feet. Very double flowers, white tinged with pink, cover the bush in late spring. Each 50c and \$1.00.

LEYCESTERIA FORMOSA: A very unusual shrub from the Himalayas. Creamy-white flowers and glossy-black fruits. The bark is vivid green in winter. For mild regions only. 6 feet...... 1.00

PYRACANTHA COCCINEA: A superb evergreen reaching a height of 10 feet or more and bearing large clusters of orange scarlet berries, which persist throughout the winter. Fast growing. Best planted against house or trellis.

.50 Very small bushes..... 5.00 1.00 10.00 1 foot in height..... Specimen plants to...... 5.00

SPIREA—VAN HOUTTE: Gracefully droop-ing branches covered with clusters of small white flowers to their tips. Six feet tall. Sometimes called "Bridal Wreath." Small, stocky bushes.....

.30 Large bushes..... 1.00 10.00

WEIGELIA—PINK: Handsome bushes with bell-shaped single flowers on graceful branches, usually in bloom on Decoration Day. 6 to 8 feet. Each 50c and 75c.

#### ROSES

Each Dozen ROSA HUGONIS: From Northern China. The habit is drooping, each branch clothed its entire length with sulphur yellow single roses in May. It attains height of 6 feet. The handsomest shrub of recent introduction. 1-year plants .....

ROSA LA MARNE: (R) Single roses of a delightful pink cover the bush all summer and late into the fall. The vigor of the plant goes into flowers rather than the bush, which is not over 15 inches tall. Particularly fine for the rockery. Large plants...... 1.50 

6.00

.50 5.00

3.00

#### SHRUBS FOR THE ROCK GARDEN

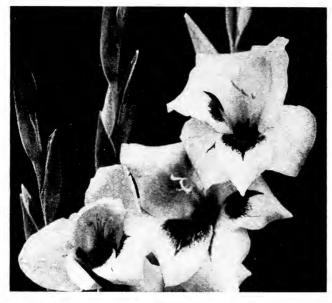
The very low growing ones and those of slender growth will be found in the perennial list, as follows:

Daphne Cneorum
Erica Carnea Rosea
Helianthemums
Penstemon Menziesii
Polygonum Vacciniifolium
Rosa La Marne

#### **GLADIOLI**

No mid-summer flowers are quite so satisfactory in every respect as the "glads." Given half a chance, the plump brown bulbs are sure to send up one or two spikes of handsome bloom. In the perennial border, in front of shrubbery, as rows in the vegetable garden to furnish cut flowers for the house, or used in large beds for noble display, they are equally effective. As cut flowers they retain their beauty a week or more. Wonderfully artistic arrangements are possible through the use of heavy glass frogs in bowls of pottery or crystal.

The desirability of gladiolus bulbs does not depend upon size, but rather upon the conditions under which they are produced and cured. My own bulbs are not large but they are full of vitality and will give you the finest of flowers. Bulbs slightly undersize are always to be preferred to extra large ones. Give a location in full sunshine, plant the bulbs 5 to 6 inches deep, anytime after the ground can be nicely worked until the first of June. Fairly early planting



"Glads"

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E. J. Shaylor: Large flowers of deep rose color. It has an award of the British Horticultural Society to its credit—you know it's good. \$5.00 the hundred	.10	1.00
Etendard: Brilliance and delicacy combine in this sort, with blush petals displaying two vivid crimson blotches outlined in clearest yellow. From France	.20	2.00
Evelyn Kirtland: A grand coral pink, enhanced by deeper shade on lower petals. Finely shaped flowers on long spike	.10	1.00
Flora: Clear light yellow. Large flowers of excellent substance. Tall	.15	1.50
Golden Measure: The finest large flowered, rich yellow gladiolus achieved. Tall and robust, often throwing two spikes from a single		
Golden West: An orange-red, much like a tiger		1.50
Halley: Coral pink and early. The yellow throat	.15	
has light red lines. \$4.00 hundred  Herada: Clear mauve, as charming as it is un-	.10	.75
usual. The flowers are large  J. A. Carbone: One of the largest and finest	.10	1.00
orange pinks	.50	5.00
stripes. The flowers are big, the spike long. London Smoke: In this we find those dull, love-	.25	2.50
ly ashes of roses shades which are so unique and so strongly appealing to the discriminat- ing taste. Try a few in a room with oriental		
coloring. \$5.00 the hundred	.10	1.00

Tr.	ich D	0700
Maude Fay: Clear Cattleya pink, like a huge orchid	.25	
Mephistopheles: Rather a startling combination of red, yellow and black	.30	3.00
Mrs. H. E. Bothin: Pale pink with crimson throat, the petals heavily ruffled. This flower never fails to arrest attention	.25	2.00
Mrs. William Kent: Fawn shading into rose. Strong growing	.25	2.50
Mrs. Frederick Peters: Largest and finest lavender on the market	.25	2.50
Mrs. Leon Douglas: Originator describes this as begonia rose, striped with scarlet. It is extra fine	.30	3.00
Mrs. John R. Walsh: A pink and crimson flower of such vigor, size and beauty that it is in a class of its own	.40	4.00
Muriel: Finest blue of all for garden effect. It is wonderfully good looking when cut, as well	.25	2.50
Myra: Giant "Prim" in tones of soft yellow and pink	.10	1.00
Pola Negri: Apricot flushed with pink, an exquisite combination	.25	2.50
Prince of India: The aristocrat of the garden. A background of ashes of roses, markings of dull blue and smoke-gray combine in subtle har-		
mony	.50	5.50
Purple Glory: A magnificent flower of very deep reddish purple and velvet texture	.25	2.50
Rose Ash: Ashes of roses, the softest and most pleasing shade imaginable. As distinctive as it is good looking	.15	1.50
Violet Glory: Deep violet flowers with ruffled petals	.25	2.50
White Glory: A distinct blue marking in the		
throat gives pleasing emphasis to the white ruffled petals	.25	2.50

Note—The size and beauty of the flower does not depend on the size of the bulb. Some varieties just naturally produce larger bulbs than others.

## Harvesting Your Gladiolus Bulbs

About November 1 dig your bulbs, cutting the tops off right at the bulb. Dry in shady, airy place for a few days, then twist off the old last year's bulb, which is of no further use. The little bulbs, if of valuable varieties, are put in paper bags and kept to plant like peas in the spring. The large bulbs are dried a few days longer, then stored in cool dry place, free from frost, in open boxes or trays.

#### LIST OF ROCK PLANTS DESIGNED FOR READY REFERENCE

Description of these may be located in the perennial list, where they appear in alphabetical sequence.

Most of them like sun. Those marked LS do well in lightly shaded position, while S indicates deeper shade.

Acaena Glabra Achillea Ageratifolia Achillea Millefolium Roseum

Achillea Sericea Achillea Setacea Achillea Tomentosa

S Ajuga Genevensis Allium Cyanium Allium Stellatum Alyssum Rostratum Alvssum Saxatile

Citrinum Alvssum Saxatile Compactum Androsace Primuloides

LS Anemone Huphensis Anemone Pulsatilla Anemone Rivularis Anemone St. Brigids Antennaria Umbrinella

LS Aquilegia Alpina LS Aquilegia Alpina Superba LS Acquilegia Glandulosa Aquilegia Oxysepala Arabis Albida Rosea

Arabis Albida Variegata Arabis Alpina Arabis Alplina Flora Plena Arabis Aubretioides

Arenaria Caespitosa Arenaria Grandiflora Arenaria Montana Armeria Vulgaris Artemisia Frigida LS Asperula Odorata

Asperula Cynanchica Aster Beauty of Ronsdorf Aster Mauve Cushion

LS Aubretias LS Auriculas

Bellis Perennis Monstrosa Bellium Minutum Betonica Grandiflora Calamintha Alpina Calandrina Umbellata

LS Campanulas Cerastium Bieberstini Ceratostigma Plumbaginoides

Cheiranthus Allionii Cheiranthus Linifolius Chrysanthemum-Maximum Arcticum

Chrysanthemum Maximum Zawadsky Dianthus—All Sorts Draba Repens Dracocephalum Nutans

Alpinum Edelweis Erica Carnea Rosea

Erigeron Glabra Erigeron Mucronatus Erigeron Multiradiatus

Rosea

LS Erinus Alpinus LS Erinus Alpinus Carmineus Eriophyllum Caespitosum Ervsimum Pulchellum Fuschia Riccartoni Genista Nigricans Genista Ovata Geranium Ibericum Geranium Sanguineum

Geum Cıliatum Geum Reptans Globularia Tricosantha

Grape Hyacinths Gypsophila Repens Rosea

Helianthemums Herniaria Glabra LS Heuchera Sanguinea Hypericum Coris Hypericum Fragile

Hypericum Polyphyllum Hypericum Repens Iberis Tenoreana

LS Iris Cristata Iris Pumilla Iris Tectorum Iris Zwanenburg Jasione Humilis

Lavandula Purpurea Nana Leontopodium Alpinum Linaria Organifolia Linum Campanulatum Linum Narbonense

Linum Perenne Lithospermum Prostratum Lupinus Lyalli

Lychnis-Viscaria Splendens Plena Muscari

Nepeta Mussini Papaver Rupifragum Penstemon Glaber Penstemon Menziesii

LS Penstemon Ovatus Douglasi Penstemon Pubescens



#### List of Rock Plants (Continued)

Penstemon Rattani Minor LS Saxifrage Megesea
Phlox Amoena Saxifrage Macnabiana
Phlox Subulata Saxifrage Pyramidalis
Phyteuma Wagneri Saxifrage Umbrosa Phyteuma Wagneri Plumbago Larpentae Polemonium Humile

LS Polemonium Reptans Polegonum Vacciniifolium Potentillas

LS Primulas

LS Prunella Webbiana Rosa La Marne Salvia Praetensis Santolina Chamaecyparissus

Saponaria Öcymoides Satureia Montana Saxifrage Aeizoon Saxifrage Aeizoon Rosea

LS Saxifrage Mossy

Scilla Čampanulata Sedums Sempervivums

Silenes Spirea Filipendula Hexapetela

LS Stachys Ciliata Stachys Corsica Stachys Lanata Stellaria Graminea Aurea

LS Synthyris Rotundifolia The Thymes Tunica Saxifraga Veronicas Violas Zauschneria Californica

W. L. Crissey R. F. D. 2, Gresham, Oregon

Phone: Gresham



## Instructions for Ordering

Send remittance or bank reference with order. Please do not send orders under \$1.00.

Customers in Oregon and Washington will please include 10 per cent for transportation charges—if the package is light, extras will be added to more than compensate for this. If you prefer, package will be sent, charges collect.

Packages will be sent to other states with charges collect, either by express or parcels post, as you may specify.

This method is more satisfactory than attempting to quote postpaid prices, which must necessarily mean extremely small plants in many instances.

Six plants of a sort at the dozen rate; 50 of a sort at the hundred rate.

The greatest care is taken to supply stock true to name and effort is always made to satisfactorily adjust any error in this regard, but in accordance with the custom of the trade, no guarantee is given.

Make remittance to

W. L. CRISSEY R. F. D. 2, Gresham, Oregon